## ELE523E Computational Nanoelectronics Homework 1

Deadline: 17/10/2016 (before 13:30)

## 1. QUANTUM COMPUTING

- a) For the quantum circuit shown below, find the output quantum state and determine the probabilities of each output combination.
  - Hint: the output state can be formalized as  $\sum_i \alpha_i |(ABC)_i\rangle$ ; you need to find  $\alpha$  values.



**b**) Find the truth table of the quantum circuit shown below.



- c) Prove that Toffoli (CCNOT) gate is a universal quantum gate (in order to implement any Boolean function).
  - Hint: try to implement main Boolean operators
  - You are allowed to use  $|0\rangle$  or  $|1\rangle$  as gate inputs.
- **d**) Implement the Boolean function  $f = x_1x_2 + x_1x_3 + x_2x_3x_4$  using *minimum* number of Toffoli gates.
  - You are allowed to use  $|0\rangle$  or  $|1\rangle$  as gate inputs.

## 2. REVERSIBLE CIRCUIT DESIGN

a) Implement the following truth tables with reversible circuits using NOT, CNOT, and Toffoli (CCNOT) gates.

**b**) Implement the following truth table with a reversible circuit using *minimum* number NOT and CNOT gates.

| IN        | OUT       |
|-----------|-----------|
| <u>ba</u> | <u>ba</u> |
| 00        | 11        |
| 01        | 01        |
| 10        | 10        |
| 11        | 00        |

- c) Determine the number of input/output bits of a reversible binary multiplier transformed from a 2-bit by 2-bit irreversible multiplier.
- **d**) Determine the number of input/output bits of a reversible binary multiplier transformed from a 3-bit by 3-bit irreversible multiplier.

## 3. FACTORIZING SEMI-PRIME NUMBERS

- a) Write an algorithm that factorizes *semi-prime numbers*.
  - Attach your pseudo and real codes (Matlab, C, etc.) to your homework.
- **b**) Determine *the worst-case time complexity* of your algorithm. Is it polynomial?
- c) Determine the success rate of your algorithm. Does it always give you the right answer?
- d) To evaluate your algorithm's performance, use semi-prime numbers 15, 77, 529, and 4633 as inputs. Determine the running time of your algorithm for each case.

Grading: 1a)5%, 1b)5%, 1c)10%, 1d)10% 2a)10%, 2b)10%, 2c)7.5%, 2d)7.5%, 3a)15%, 3b)10%, 3c)5%, 3d)5%

Note: *Return a hard-copy of your homework before the lecture; you can also put your homework under my door.*