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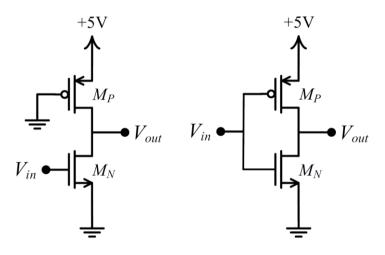
Date: 27/02/2017

EHB322E Digital Electronic Circuits Quiz 1

Duration: 30 Minutes Grading: 1) 20%, 2) 80%,

Quiz is in closed-notes and closed-books format For your answers please use the space provided in the exam sheet

1) Please circle TRUE if you think that the statement is true; FALSE otherwise.



Pseudo NMOS Inverter

CMOS Inverter

a. Consider the pseudo NMOS inverter shown above.

Statement: Increasing W value of M_N makes the value of V_{OH} increase.

TRUE / FALSE

b. Consider the pseudo NMOS inverter shown above.

Statement: Increasing W value of M_N makes the value of t_{PLH} decrease.

TRUE / FALSE

c. Consider the CMOS inverter shown above.

Statement: If (W/L) ratios and absolute threshold voltage values of PMOS/NMOS transistors are same then the switching threshold value of V_M is 5/2V.

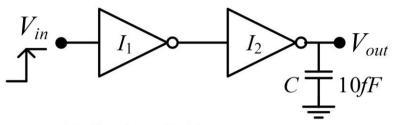
TRUE / FALSE

d. Consider the CMOS inverter shown above.

Statement: The output (load) capacitor is a sum of C_{GS} and C_{GD} capacitors of the transistors.

TRUE / FALSE

2) Consider the buffer of two CMOS inverters shown below. A capacitor of 10fF is connected to the output. A signal switching from low to high is applied to the input. Transistor parameters: $c_{ox}=1$ fF/um², $\tau_n=\tau_p=1$ ps, $W_{P1}=2u$, $W_{N1}=1u$, $W_{P2}=4u$, $W_{N2}=2u$, $W_{N1}=1$, $W_{N2}=1$ $W_{$



A buffer of two CMOS inverters.

Propagation delays of an inverter is formulized as follows. C_L represents the load capacitor of the inverter.

$$t_{PHL} = (C_L/C_N) \tau_n$$
 $C_N = c_{ox} W_N L_N$

$$t_{PLH} = (C_L/C_P) \tau_p$$
 $C_P = c_{ox}W_PL_P$

Determine the total propagation delay at the output. Neglect C_{GD} capacitors.

$$C_{GS-N}=C_N$$
, $C_{GS-P}=C_P$